

**Size:** DN 40 to 200 mm

Ends: Between PN10/16 flanges (PN10 for DN200)

Min Temperature: - 20°C Max Temperature: +60°C Max Pressure: 5 Bars

**Specifications:** Long neck for isolation

Lug type

Full crossing stem ISO 5211 mounting pad

Materials: Ductile iron EN GJS 500-7 body, NBR Gas seat

\*the installation defects and wear defects are not covered by the guarantee



#### **SPECIFICATIONS:**

- · Long neck for isolation
- ISO 5211 mounting pad
- Lug type ( Reinforced lug for DN200 )
- Between PN10/16 flanges ( PN10 for DN200 )
- Certificate NF ROBGAZ
- · Full crossing stem
- · Removable NBR gas seat
- Stainless steel disc up to DN100 included and ductile iron epoxy coated disc +/- 40 μ from DN125 to 200
- · 9 positions lever with locking device
- Rilsan coated body color RAL 5024, 250-300 microns thickness

#### USE:

Fluids: Gas

Min and max Temperature Ts: - 20°C to + 60°C

Max Pressure Ps : 5 bars ( MOP 5 class )

### **RANGE:**

With lever from DN 40 to DN 200

#### ENDS:

Between PN10/16 flanges up to DN150 and PN10 for DN200

#### TORQUE VALUES (in Nm with safety coefficient of 30 % included) at 10 Bars:

DN	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200
Torque ( Nm )	8	10	14	18	31	59	93	206



#### FLOW COEFFICIENT Kv ( m3 / h ):

DN		Opening Angle												
DN	10° 20°		30°	40°	50°	60°	70°	80°	90°					
32-40	3	5	10	16	22	31	36	36	36					
50	3	7	15	33	44	48	54	54	54					
65	6	10	21	40	57	86	102	102	102					
80	7	16	37	56	84	182	246	246	246					
100	9	22	51	88	134	187	255	336	336					
125	21	33	91	153	232	331	468	560	560					
150	45	69	149	281	302	597	822	1015	1072					
200	55	131	254	420	631	904	1388	1758	1758					

### **HEAD LOSS CALCULATIONS:**

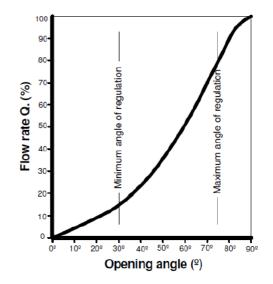
 $\Delta p = (Q/Kv)^2 \times SG$ 

Q: flow in m3/h

Δp : Head loss in bar

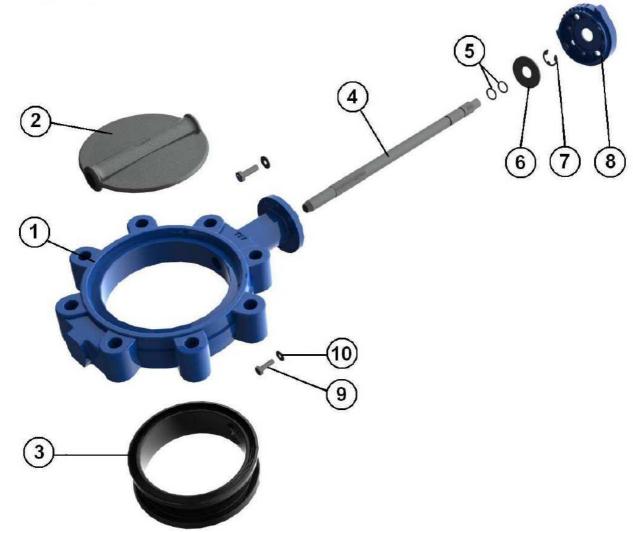
SG: Specific gravity (= 1 for water)

Kv: Volume of water in m³/h, that will flow through a given restriction or valve opening with a pressure drop of 1 bar at 20°C)





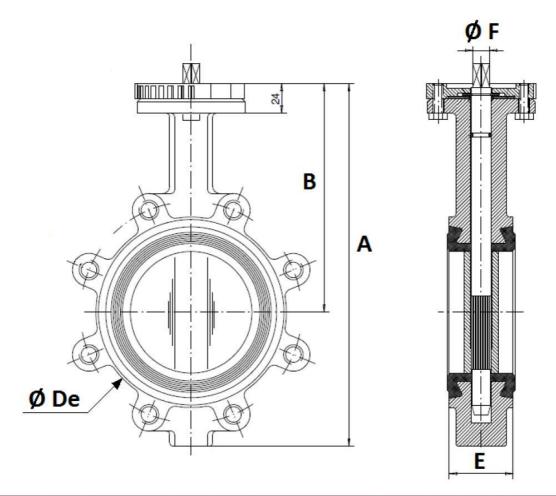
### MATERIALS DN 40 - 200 :



Item	Designation	Materials
1	Body	Ductile iron EN GJS-500-7 rilsan coated color RAL 5024 , 250-300 μ thickness
2	Disc DN40-100	ASTM A351 CF8M
2	Disc DN125-200	Ductile iron EN GJS 500-7 epoxy coated
3	Seat	NBR for Gas
4	Stem	AISI 420
5	O ring	NBR
6	Ring	Steel
7	Circlips	Steel
8	Plate	Aluminium
9	Plate screw	5.6
10	Washer	Steel
	Lever	Aluminium ADC10 with epoxy painting 50µ thickness

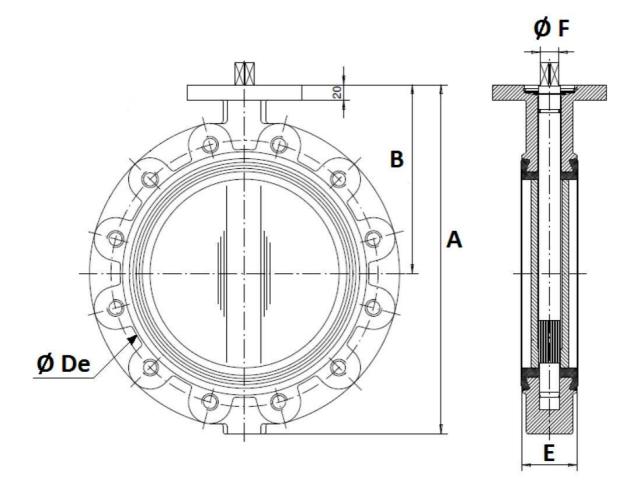


### SIZE DN32-150 (in mm):



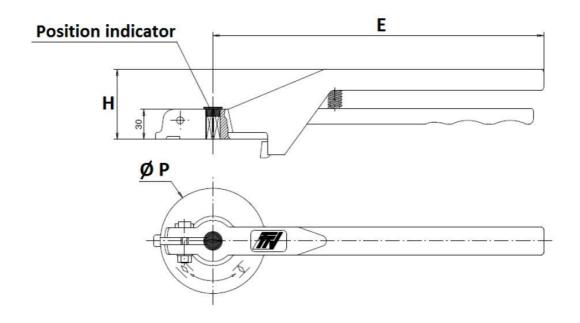
DN	32/40	50	65	80	100	125	150
Α	205	226	246	259	295	325	352
В	140	156	161	169	187	206	215
Ø De	83	102	115	136	157	192	220
E	33	43	46	46	52	56	56
ØF	9.5	9.5	12	14	14	17	17
ØG	100/110	125	145	160	180	210	240
ØΤ	4xM16	4xM16	4xM16	8xM16	8xM16	8xM16	8xM20
Weight (Kg)	2.7	4.1	4.7	6.1	7.9	10.9	11.85

### SIZE DN200 (in mm):



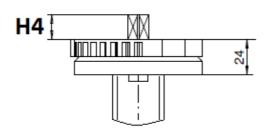
DN	200
Α	422
В	255
Ø De	275
E	60
ØF	21
ØG	295
ØТ	8xM20
Weight (Kg)	18.5

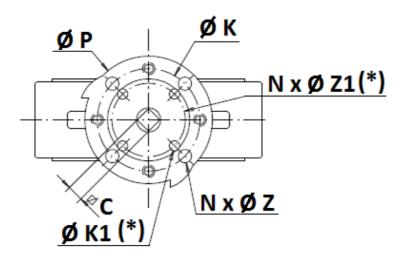
### LEVERS SIZE (in mm):



DN	32-100	125-200
E	205	330
Н	57	70
ØP	88	105

### ISO MOUNTING PAD AND STEM SIZE (in mm):





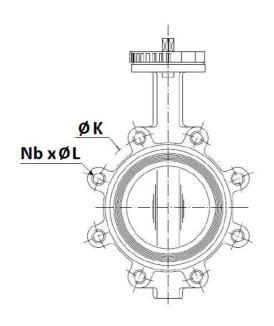
## (\*): Only from DN32 to DN100

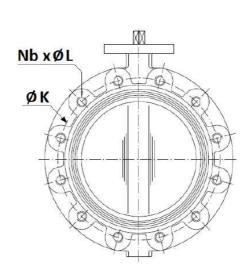
DN	32/40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200
H4	14	14	16	16	20	20	20	24
С	8	8	9	11	11	14	14	17
øκ	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
ISO	<b>F</b> 07	F07						
NxØZ	4 x 9	4 x 9	4 x 9	4 x 9	4 x 9	4 x 9	4 x 9	4 x 9
Ø K1	50	50	50	50	50	-	-	•
ISO 1	<b>F</b> 05	F05	F05	F05	F05	-	-	-
N x Ø Z1	4 x 7	4 x 7	4 x 7	4 x 7	4 x 7	-	-	-

### **BETWEEN FLANGES SIZE:**



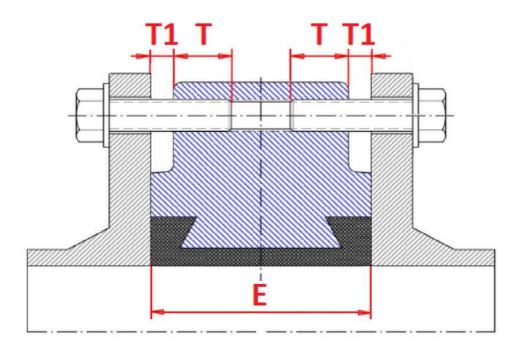






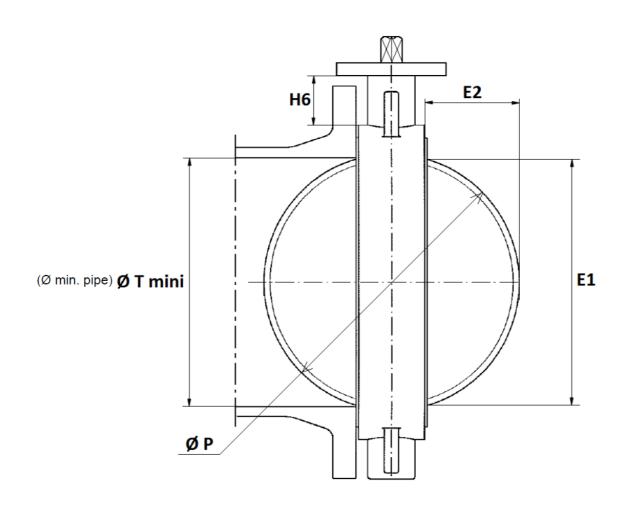
	DN (mm)	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	
	NPS ( " )	1"1/4	1"1/2	2"	2"1/2	3"	4"	5"	6"	8"	
DNIAO	øĸ	100	110	125	145	160	180	210	240	295	
PN10	NbxØL		4 x M16				8 x M16			8 x M20	
DNIAC	ØK	100	110	125	145	160	180	210	240	295	
PN16	NbxØL	4 x M16				8 x M16			8xM20	12xM20	

### **DEPTH THREADED HOLES:**



DN	PN10	PN16	PN10 -	- PN16
DN -	T	T	T1	E
32	13.5	13.5	2.5	33
40	13.5	13.5	2.5	33
50	14.5	14.5	2.5	43
65	13.5	13.5	3.5	46
80	16	16	4	46
100	17.5	17.5	2.5	52
125	20	20	3	56
150	20	20	3	56
200	23	23	3	60

## NECK AND DISC SIZE (in mm):



DN	32/40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200
<b>E</b> 1	23	24.5	46	65	85	109	136	188
<b>E</b> 2	3.5	3.5	9.5	17	24	33.5	45.5	69
H6	76	82	80	80	88	93	89	99
Ø T mini	26	27.5	49	68	88	112	139	191
ØP	40	50	65	80	100	123	147	198

#### STANDARDS:

- Fabrication according to ISO 9001:2008
- DIRECTIVE 2014/68/EU: CE N° 0038 Risk Category III module H
- Certificate 3.1 on request
- Pressure tests according to ISO 5208, rate A
- Between PN10/16 flanges according to EN 1092-1
- ISO 5211 mounting pad
- Length according to ISO 5752 short series 20, EN 558 series 20 (NF 29305), BS 5155 Wafer short/medium, DIN 3202 part 3, series K1
- ATEX Group II Category 2 G/2D Zone 1 & 21 Zone 2 &22 (optional marking)
- Certificate NF ROBGAZ N° ROB 064-R5 according to NF EN 13774 & NF EN 549

## INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

#### **GENERAL GUIDELINES:**

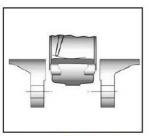
- Ensure that the valves to be used are appropriate for the conditions of the installation (type of fluid, pressure and temperature).
- Be sure to have enough valves to be able to isolate the sections of piping as well as the appropriate equipment for maintenance and repair.
- Ensure that the valves to be installed are of correct strenght to be able to support the capacity of their
- Installation of all circuits should ensure that their function can be automatically tested on a regular basis (at least two times a year).

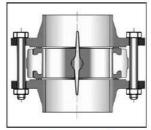
#### **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

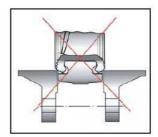
- Before installing the valves, clean and remove any objects from the pipes (in particular bits of sealing and metal) which could obstruct and block the valves.
- Ensure that both connecting pipes either side of the valve (upstream and downstream) are aligned (if they're not, the valves may not work correctly).
- Make sure that the two sections of the pipe (upstream and downstream) match, the valve unit will not absorb any gaps. Any distortions in the pipes may affect the thightness of the connection, the working of the valve and can even cause a rupture. To be sure, place the kit in position to ensure the assembling will work.

#### INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS ( SUITE ):

- If sections of piping do not have their final support in place, they should be temporarily fixed. This is to avoid unnecessary strain on the valve.
- . The valve must be inserted between flanges with disc half opened but the disc must not overpass the valve thickness. Position the bolts to keep centered the valve. Then open fully the valve and tighten the bolts. See graph under.







Half open valve introduction Complete opened disc valves when screw tightening

- Tighten the bolts in cross.
- The disc must move easily inside the pipe.
- Valves must be opened during cleaning operation.
- Tests must be done with a cleaned pipe.
- Tests must be done with opened valve. Test pressure must not be higher than the valve specification according to ISO 5208.
- Then open slowly the valve.
- Do not mount butterfly valves with stainless steel pressed collars and turning flanges without
- And not on flat face flanges without strias (example: painted cast iron fittings)

#### **MAINTENANCE:**

- We recommend to operate fully the valve 1 to 2 times per year.
- During maintenance operation, ensure that the pipe isn't under pressure, that there's no fluid in the pipe and that the valve is isolated. If there's a fluid in the pipe, evacuate it. Ensure that there are no risks due to the temperature or the fluid (like acids). If the fluid is corrosive, inert the installation before maintenance operation.